

BLACKJACK

Blackjack is one of the most popular casino table games. The object of the game is to have your cards total 21 or as near to 21 as possible without going over. Everyone plays against the dealer (the house) who begins the game by dealing each player two cards and dealing the house one card face up and one card face down.

RULES

Cards are counted at their face value. Kings, Queens and Jacks count as 10. Aces count as 1 or 11. If the first two cards you are dealt total 21, you have blackjack. Blackjack pays 1 and a half or 6 to 5 times your bet. You cannot lose, but you could tie if the dealer also has blackjack.

If you are dealt any combination other than blackjack, you can signal to the dealer to either “stand” (take no more cards) or “hit” (draw additional cards). Remember, the objective is to get 21 or as close to 21 as possible without going over. You also want your hand to be closer to 21 than the dealer’s hand. If your card count is closer to 21 than the dealer’s hand, you win—if it is less, the house wins. If you tie with the dealer, you “push” (nobody wins and nobody loses).



If you should go over 21 (“bust”), you immediately lose. After each player takes their turn, the dealer turns over the house face-down card. If the dealer “busts,” the house must pay all the players still in the game.



21



BUST

OPTIONS

Blackjack players have all the options, the house has none.

SPLITTING PAIRS

If you are dealt two cards with equal value, you have the option of “splitting” them into two separate hands. You must match your original bet if you “split.” You may “split” a pair up to three times (making four separate hands). You can take as many “hits” as you like on each hand. If you “split” a pair of Aces, you will receive only one card on each of the hands, but if one of the “hit” cards is another Ace, you may re-split.*



18 OR
SPLIT PAIR



DOUBLING DOWN

Players also have the option of increasing their wager by “doubling down.” After receiving your first two cards, you may “double down” by increasing your wager up to the amount of your original bet and receive only one additional card. You may “double down” on any first two cards. You may also “double down” after “splitting” a pair.

BLACKJACK (continued)

INSURANCE

If the dealer's "up" card is an Ace, you have the option of making an "insurance" wager. You may wager any amount up to half your original wager that the dealer's down card has a value of 10. If the card has a value of 10, you win and will be paid 2-to-1 on your insurance wager. If the card has a value other than 10, you lose and the dealer takes your insurance bet.

IN BET

In-Bet is an exciting new side bet that offers five chances to win. IN-BETween wager is a bet that the Dealer's up-card falls IN-BETween the Player's first two dealt cards, according to the "RANK ORDER": 2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-J-Q-K-A, and is lost otherwise. See the payable for odds.

Triple Match: The only exception to these IN-BETween rules is if the Player is initially dealt two cards of the same rank and the Dealer's up-card is also of the same rank. This is called the Triple Match and pays the highest odds on the payable.

SUPER FOUR (4) PROGRESSIVE BLACKJACK

Combine your two cards with the dealer's two cards to make the best Four-Card Poker Hand!

HOW TO PLAY

Super 4 is a side bet for traditional blackjack. Players start by wagering on the base Blackjack game. In addition, they may wager on the Super 4 side bet. The dealer then deals traditional blackjack. The dealer then settles all Super four wagers and main blackjack wagers according to the posted paytables.

SUPER FOUR (4)

- Players combine their two cards with the dealer's two cards to make a four-card poker hand.
- If the dealer shows Ace up, everyone wins.
- If the dealer has a blackjack, the Super 4 Bonus will pay odds.
- Royal Flush with posted suit wins the top Progressive Jackpot

*See posted paytables for odds.